

GCSE

Specification

English

For exams January 2011 onwards and
For certification June 2012 onwards





GCSE

Specification

English

4700

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Contents

1	Introduction	2
1a	Why choose AQA?	2
1b	Why choose GCSE English?	3
1c	How do I start using this specification?	4
1d	How can I find out more?	4
2	Specification at a Glance	5
3	Subject Content	8
3a	Unit 1: Understanding and producing non-fiction texts	8
3b	Unit 2: Speaking and Listening	9
3c	Unit 3: Understanding and producing creative texts	11
4	Scheme of Assessment	15
4a	Aims and learning outcomes	15
4b	Assessment Objectives	15
4c	National Criteria	16
4d	Overlap between GCSE English and GCSE English Language	16
4e	Centres in Wales	16
4f	Previous learning requirements	16
4g	Access to assessment: diversity and inclusion	17
5	Administration	18
5a	Availability of assessment units and certification	18
5b	Entries	18
5c	Private candidates	18
5d	Access arrangements, reasonable adjustments and special consideration	19
5e	Examination language	19
5f	Qualification titles	19
5g	Awarding grades and reporting results	20
5h	Re-sits and how long unit results remain available to count towards certification	20
6	Controlled Assessment administration	21
6a	Authenticating that Controlled Assessment work is genuine	21
6b	Malpractice	21
6c	Teacher standardisation	22
6d	Internal standardisation of marking	22
6e	Annotation of Controlled Assessment work	22
6f	Submitting marks and sample work for moderation	22
6g	Factors affecting individual candidates	23
6h	Keeping candidates' work	23
7	Moderation	24
7a	Moderation procedures	24
7b	Consortium arrangements	24
7c	Procedures after moderation	24
	Appendices	25
A	Grade descriptions	25
B	Spiritual, moral, ethical, social, legislative, sustainable development, economic and cultural issues, and health and safety considerations	27
C	Overlaps with other qualifications	28
D	Wider Key Skills –Teaching, developing and providing opportunities for generating evidence	29
E	List of authors from the National Curriculum KS4 programme of study	30
F	Assessment Criteria for Controlled Assessment	31

1 Introduction

1

1a Why choose AQA?

We, AQA, are the United Kingdom's favourite awarding body and more students get their academic qualifications from us than from any other board. But why are we so popular?

We understand the different requirements of each subject by working with teachers. Our GCSEs:

- help students achieve their full potential
- are relevant for today's challenges
- are manageable for schools and colleges
- are easy to understand by students of all levels of ability
- lead to accurate results, delivered on time; and
- are affordable and value for money.

We provide a wide range of support services for teachers, including:

- access to subject departments
- training for teachers, including practical teaching strategies and methods that work, presented by senior examiners

- individual support for Controlled Assessment
- 24-hour support through our website and online with **Ask AQA**
- past question papers and mark schemes
- a wide range of printed and electronic resources for teachers and students
- free online results analysis, with Enhanced Results Analysis.

We are an educational charity focused on the needs of the learner. All our income is spent on improving the quality of our specifications, examinations and support services. We don't aim to profit from education, we want you to.

If you are already a customer we thank you for your support. If you are thinking of joining us we look forward to welcoming you.

1b Why choose GCSE English?

- This specification allows candidates to demonstrate their ability in functional English; to investigate and analyse language and, to experiment and use language creatively.
- The specification offers a skills-based approach to the study of English. This enables candidates to make 'fresh' and individual responses to each element of assessment.
- The specification is most suitable for those who wish to explore a range of literary and language topics and skills but who do not wish to take two separate GCSEs in English Language and English Literature.
- The scheme of assessment is unitised, offering flexibility. This enables centres to take varied routes in preparing candidates for assessment. Candidates can be entered when they are ready to be assessed and may re-sit each individual unit.
- The examination paper and Controlled Assessments will be available twice a year. Exam papers will be available at Higher and Foundation Tiers, giving access to the course for candidates of all abilities.
- The externally examined unit is common to GCSE English Language. This gives teachers the flexibility to make late entry decisions where they may choose to enter candidates for either GCSE English (1 GCSE) or GCSE English Language plus GCSE English Literature (2 GCSEs).
- The specification covers the functional elements of English. This is done mainly through the externally examined unit. The term 'functional' should be considered in the broad sense of providing learners with the skills and abilities they need to take an active and responsible role in their communities, in their everyday lives, workplaces and educational settings.
- Speaking and Listening is internally assessed and is common to GCSE English Language. This unit draws on the good practice observed during the previous specification and allows teachers to set tasks that are relevant to their students. Candidates need to exhibit their ability to speak and listen in functional contexts which require them to discuss and present. They also need to demonstrate their ability to role play in either functional or dramatic situations. This unit is an excellent preparation for life beyond the classroom.
- Creative writing is also assessed through Controlled Assessment. Drawing on the 'creative' agenda in the National Curriculum Programme of Study, candidates will be encouraged to be imaginative and to experiment with language to create writing that goes beyond the 'real life' contexts of the writing in the external unit. They may choose to write narrative, script, poetry or indeed any genre that enables an imaginative or even experimental use of English. Tasks will be selected from a bank of questions that encourage invention.
- The study of Literature in this specification is assessed through Controlled Assessment. Tasks will be selected from a bank of questions that encourage the candidate to choose their own aspect of study and develop a personal response. The AQA Anthologies *Moon on the Tides* and *Sunlight on the Grass* can be used for this unit.
- This specification offers excellent preparation for GCE specifications in English Language, English Literature or combined Language and Literature courses.
- The specification has been developed in consultation with practising teachers and subject associations.

1c How do I start using this specification?

To ensure you receive all the teaching and examination material, it is important that the person responsible for making the decision to teach AQA informs both AQA and their Exam Officer.

Step one:

To confirm you will be teaching this specification go to www.aqa.org.uk/signup and complete the online form. You will then receive your free GCSE English welcome pack(s) that contain teaching and support material.

Step two:

Inform your Exam Officer of your choice to ensure you receive all your examination material. Your Exam Officer will make sure that your centre is registered with AQA and will complete the Intention to Enter and Estimated Entries when required to do so.

If your centre has not used AQA for any examinations in the past, please contact our centre approval team at centreapproval@aqa.org.uk.

1d How can I find out more?

You can choose to find out more about this specification or the services that AQA offers in a number of ways.

Ask AQA

You have 24-hour access to useful information and answers to the most commonly asked questions at www.aqa.org.uk/askaqa

If the answer to your question is not available, you can submit a query through **Ask AQA** for our team. We will respond within two working days.

Speak to your subject team

You can talk directly to the GCSE English subject team about this specification either by e-mailing english-gcse@aqa.org.uk or by calling **0161 953 1180**.

Teacher Support meetings

Details of the full range of our Teacher Support meetings are available on our website at www.aqa.org.uk/support/teachers

There is also a link to our fast and convenient online booking system for Teacher Support meetings at events.aqa.org.uk/ebooking

If you need to contact the Teacher Support team, you can call us on **01483 477860** or e-mail us at teachersupport@aqa.org.uk

Latest information online

You can find out more including the latest news, how to register to use Enhanced Results Analysis, support and downloadable resources on our website at www.aqa.org.uk



2 Specification at a Glance

GCSE English

Unit 1: Understanding and producing non-fiction texts

External examination 40% of the total GCSE marks	2 hours	80 marks
Section A: Reading 20% of the total GCSE marks	1 hour	40 marks
Section B: Writing 20% of the total GCSE marks	1 hour	40 marks

PLUS

Unit 2: Speaking and Listening

Controlled Assessment 20% of the total GCSE marks	45 marks
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PLUS

Unit 3: Understanding and producing creative texts

Controlled Assessment 40% of the total GCSE marks	6–8 hours	90 marks
Part a: Understanding creative texts (literary reading) 20% of the total GCSE marks	3–4 hours	45 marks
Part b: Producing creative texts 20% of the total GCSE marks	3–4 hours	45 marks

Note that times indicates the production of final written outcomes.

Summary of assessment

Structure of units and examination papers

2

Unit 1: Understanding and producing non-fiction texts

Section A: Reading

Tier H candidates answer four compulsory questions based on three reading sources.

Tier F candidates answer five compulsory questions, including those requiring short responses, based on three shorter reading sources.

Section B: Writing

Both Tiers candidates do two compulsory writing tasks – one shorter task worth 16 marks and one longer task worth 24 marks.

Unit 2: Speaking and Listening

Candidates must be assessed on three equally weighted activities:

- presenting
- discussing and listening
- role playing.

Each activity will be marked separately out of 15 and the marks added together to give a final mark out of 45.

Unit 3: Understanding and producing creative texts

Part a: Understanding creative texts (literary reading) – candidates choose up to three tasks from the bank of published titles for the year in which they are entering this unit. They must write about their study of literary texts, drawing on a play by Shakespeare, a text from the English Literary Heritage and a text from a different culture. Each task will be marked separately out of 15 and the marks added together to give a final mark out of 45.

Part b: Producing creative texts – candidates choose two tasks from the bank of published titles for the year in which they are entering this unit. The two tasks do not have to be equal in length as this will be determined by the type of creative writing the candidates choose to do. Each task will be marked out of 15 and a further 15 marks are available for accuracy. The marks will be added together to give a final mark out of 45.

Please refer to the Specimen Assessment Materials on aqa.org.uk for examples of examination papers and Controlled Assessment tasks for this specification.

Controlled Assessment

There are three elements to Controlled Assessment:

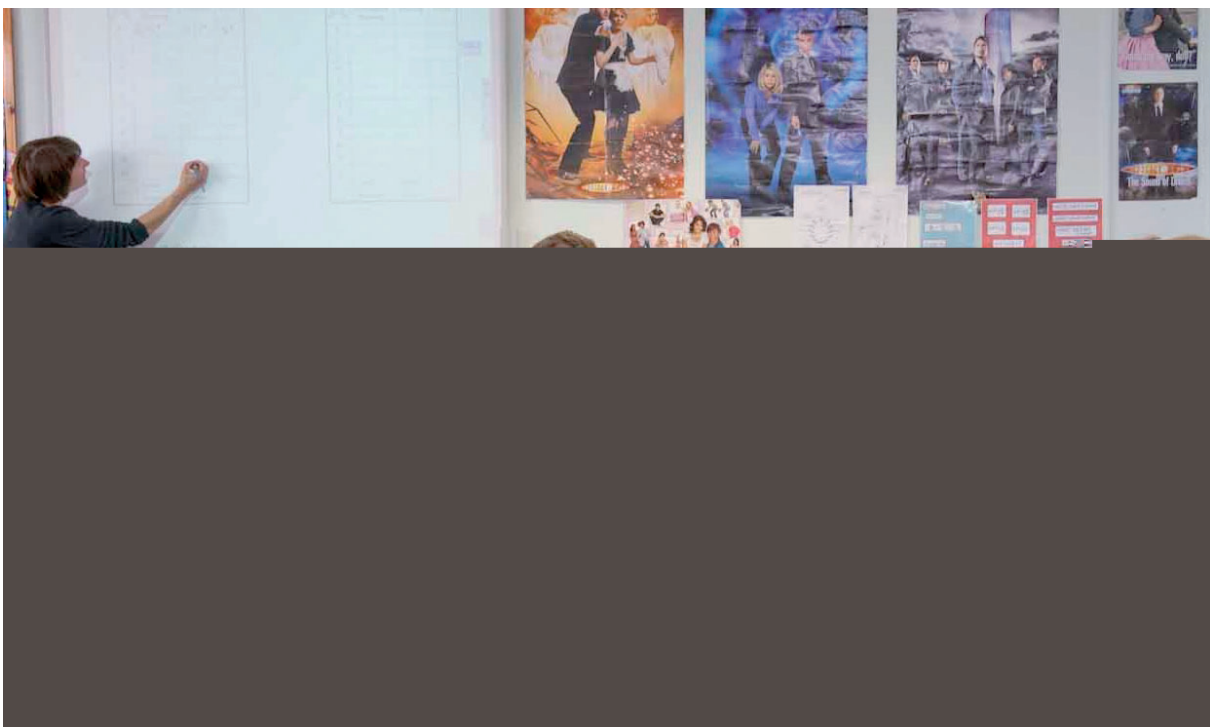
- Task Setting: Who sets the task
- Task Taking: How the students perform the tasks
- Task Marking: Who does the marking.

Each stage has a level of control (high, medium or low) to ensure reliability and authenticity and to make assessments more manageable for teachers and students.

AQA's Controlled Assessment tasks have been designed to offer you maximum flexibility to:

- choose texts for reading units
- contextualise tasks to meet the needs of your students
- timetable the assessment to meet your needs
- offer assessment in January and June.

In addition to the specification, please refer to the Controlled Assessment Task Bank (www.aqa.org.uk/englishzone) which gives an indication of Controlled Assessment tasks.



3 Subject Content

This section covers the subject content of the three units:

- Unit 1: Understanding and producing non-fiction texts
- Unit 2: Speaking and Listening
- Unit 3: Understanding and producing creative texts

Each section provides a summary of what candidates have to do, the assessment process and answer to questions.

3a Unit 1: Understanding and producing non-fiction texts

Unit 1: Summary of what candidates have to do

Requirements: Candidates are required to read and understand a range of non-fiction texts, identifying the writers' crafts and transferring these skills into their own writing for a range of genres, audiences and purposes.

The **functional elements** of English reading and writing are embedded within this unit allowing candidates to demonstrate that they are competent readers and writers in their daily lives.

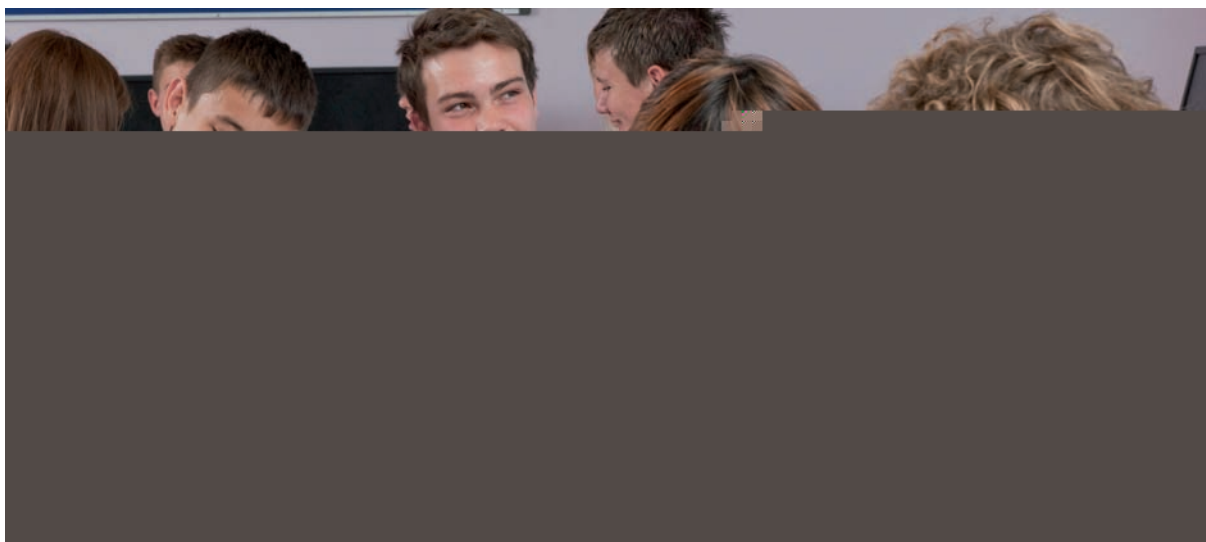
Reading texts will be drawn from a range of non-fiction genres. Some texts will be clearly functional in context (such as information leaflets) and others will be those which candidates can clearly expect to read in their daily lives including media sources (including texts with images, and/or other presentational devices) and literary non-fiction (such as travelogues

and biographies). In preparing for this unit, candidates should draw on a variety of text types and transfer their reading skills.

Writing tasks will also be based on a range of non-fiction genres. Some tasks will be clearly functional in context (for example giving information or instruction). There will be one shorter task which is more informative or descriptive and is based on personal details and/or experience and one longer task which requires a more developed idea which argues, persuades or takes a viewpoint which must be sustained. All tasks will ask candidates to write for specific audiences and purposes, adapting their style so that it is fit for purpose.

Unit 1: Summary of assessment

This externally examined unit is common to GCSE English Language.



3b Unit 2: Speaking and Listening

Unit 2: Summary of what candidates have to do:

Candidates will be assessed on **three** Speaking and Listening tasks although they may well do more than one performance of each activity during the unit. They will be assessed on **one** activity in each of the following categories:

- Presenting
- Discussing and Listening
- Role playing.

In Speaking and Listening activities, candidates should:

- present and listen to information and ideas
- respond to the questions and views of others, adapting talk appropriately to context and audience
- make a range of effective contributions, using creative approaches to exploring questions, solving problems and developing ideas
- participate in a range of contexts, including real life uses of talk and audiences beyond the classroom.

3

Unit 2: Summary of assessment

This unit will be assessed by means of Controlled Assessment.

Task Setting (limited control)

AQA will provide guidance on the nature of tasks to be undertaken and you will then set tasks. The tasks should be contextualised to meet the needs of the candidates and enable a variety of approaches.

Some examples of possible tasks are listed below:

Within the **Presenting** strand typically candidates might:

- individually talk to the class about a topic of interest and then answer questions
- talk to the class about an argument/cause, etc as part of a paired presentation (which may include ICT support such as PowerPoint, visual media clips, etc) and then answer questions
- interview (or be interviewed by) an adult, perhaps focusing on an aspect of occupation, local current affairs, etc
- listen to a speech extract on television and re-present its main points and biases or listen to a school assembly and re-present its main points and explain its methods of presentation
- deliver a speech to a wider audience (such as school assembly or another teaching group) either as an individual or as part of a team.

Within the **Discussing and Listening** strand typically candidates might:

- in a pair, work together to plan a presentation to the class
- in a group of three or four, undertake a problem-solving exercise which is relevant to the local community such as congestion charging, public spending priorities, etc
- in a group of three or four, discuss an issue of interpretation which arises from reading being undertaken elsewhere on the course
- in a group of three or four, discuss the possible schedules for a television station from a range of given possibilities
- listen to a speech extract on television and discuss its main points and biases or listen to a school assembly and discuss its main points and its methods of presentation.

Within the **Role playing** strand typically candidates might:

- perform as a pair a media interview on a relevant issue, such as child welfare
- perform as a pair an interview between detective and suspect based upon a narrative from literature that has been studied elsewhere
- as an individual perform a 5-minute input for breakfast television called 'what the papers say today'

- perform an improvisation based on literary texts being studied
- in a group of three or four, undertake a problem-solving exercise which is relevant to the local community such as congestion charging, public spending priorities and improvise a public debate on the topic.

Note here that within the role playing category, the performance of a written script, even if that script has been learned, is **not** allowed.

Task Taking (medium control)

Assessment can take place at any point during the course of study. Candidates will need to be informed that assessment is taking place, but clearly all members of a class will not be assessed at the same time.

Task Marking (medium control)

You must mark all Controlled Assessments using the criteria published on pages 32–33 of this specification.

The criteria descriptors are banded under three headings:

- Communicating and adapting language
- Interacting and responding
- Creating and sustaining roles.

These headings represent different skills that are part of Speaking and Listening, and how these skills can be assessed. It is important to stress that all these descriptors can be used in any single assessment – it is perfectly possible, for example, to identify aspects of creating a role, when the assessment is being submitted under the Presenting category.

Controlled Assessment will be moderated by AQA according to the procedures outlined in Section 7.

Unit 2: Your Controlled Assessment questions answered

How do I approach preparation and planning?

Having introduced relevant material and studied relevant speech genres:

- you should give candidates the relevant task(s)
- you may wish to provide stimulus materials for group discussions and role play or access to users of language beyond the classroom.
- you are advised to give the candidates chance to practise speaking or listening in similar contexts to that in which they will be assessed and to prepare ideas after you have given them the task(s).

How do I prepare candidates for this unit?

Speaking and Listening underpins much of the work done for this subject at GCSE. With 20% of the overall mark going to Speaking and Listening it is important that you prepare candidates for the Controlled Assessment task by teaching approaches to the chosen context/task and by considering various speech genres before giving the task to candidates. You should ensure that candidates are familiar with the assessment criteria for the Controlled Assessment tasks that make up Speaking and Listening.

Can I give candidates feedback?

Yes. You may give feedback to individual candidates during the planning phase.

How are candidates assessed?

Candidates must be assessed by a teacher either directly at the time of the response or by viewing an electronic visual recording of a candidate's response.

Can candidates use prompts?

Prompts or visual slides may be used in addition to any resources you provide. The Unit 2 record form allows teachers to record brief notes and details of activities undertaken.

Do you have Controlled Assessment Advisers?

Yes. Speaking and Listening Controlled Assessment Advisers will be available to give advice on all aspects of the Controlled Assessment. A rota of advisory visits will include advice on marking of candidates' performance, task setting and record keeping.

3c Unit 3 Understanding and producing creative texts

There are two parts to this Unit:

- Part a Understanding creative texts (literary reading)
- Part b Producing creative texts (creative writing).

Unit 3 Part a – Understanding creative texts (literary reading)

Unit 3 Part a: Summary of what candidates have to do:

For this part of Unit 3, candidates will submit for assessment **three** written responses based on tasks

Unit 3 Part a: Your Controlled Assessment Questions Answered

How much time should I spend teaching this part of the unit?

As the Controlled Assessment is worth 20% of the overall mark, you are advised to spend 20% of the teaching time available to you on the texts and topic you have chosen for this part of Unit 3. You should prepare candidates for the Controlled Assessment task by teaching approaches to the chosen texts and topics and by studying style models before giving the task to candidates. You should also ensure that candidates are familiar with the assessment criteria for the Controlled Assessment task and are aware of the weighting given to each assessment objective.

What approaches will the tasks offer?

The tasks will offer a variety of approaches. Tasks will consist of a single generic title that you can contextualise. There will always be a number of exemplar tasks showing how you can adapt the task to meet the needs of your students. You may, for example, make the title more specific or add bullet points.

Which Assessment Objectives will the tasks address?

Each task will address all four bullet points of assessment objective AO2 except the requirement to collate, compare or cross-reference from different sources.

Can the assessment be based on parts of texts?

Candidates' responses must be informed by knowledge of whole texts but the main focus of the assessment can be based on part of a text (eg a scene from a play, a chapter from a novel, a small number of poems or short story from a collection). Where candidates use a collection of short texts, there is **no** requirement to make comparisons.

Will exemplars be available?

Exemplars will be provided to indicate how candidates can approach the tasks.

Do candidates have to do all reading tasks in the same time period?

Candidates do not have to address all texts/tasks in the same consecutive time period. For example, they may write about a Shakespeare text in response to the task during one half term and then write about a text from a Different Culture based on the same task during a different half term followed by a response based on a Literary Heritage text in yet another half term, providing the total time for the formal assessment does not exceed four hours.

Can candidates use texts during the Controlled Assessment?

Candidates must use clean, unannotated copies of texts during the assessment period.

Unit 3 Part b – Producing creative texts (creative writing)

Unit 3 Part b: Summary of what candidates have to do:

Candidates will submit **two** pieces of writing prepared under controlled conditions chosen from two of the topics in this unit.

Unit 3 Part b: Summary of assessment:

This part of Unit 3 will be assessed by means of Controlled Assessment.

Task Setting (high control)

Tasks will be set by AQA. Each year we will provide a bank of six tasks; two for each of the topics covered in this unit:

- Moving Images (writing for or about moving images)
- Prompts and Re-creations (using a text or prompt to develop writing)
- Me, Myself, I (writing from personal experience)

Candidates will complete **two** of these tasks. Each task must be taken from a different topic.

Task Taking (medium control)

Preparation and Planning

You may choose to allow your candidates to do two tasks in the same period or to divide the total time available for this unit so your candidates do their two pieces at different stages of the course that are most appropriate.

Production

Candidates must produce **two** pieces of work totalling about 1600 words in a period of up to four hours.

Candidates do not have to complete both pieces of writing in the same time period or at the same part of the course as long as the total time taken does not exceed four hours.

This word limit is for guidance only as it will vary with the nature of the task. The pieces do not have to be of equal length.

Task Marking (medium control)

You must mark all Controlled Assessments using the criteria published on pages 36–37 of this specification. You will mark each writing task out of 15 marks and give an overall mark out of 15 for accuracy. The marks will be added together to give a final mark out of 45. Controlled Assessment will be moderated by AQA according to the procedures outlined in Section 7.

3

Part b: Your Controlled Assessment questions answered

How much time should I spend teaching this part of the unit?

As the Controlled Assessment is worth 20% of the overall mark, you are advised to spend a total of 20% of the teaching time available to you on the topics you have chosen for this part of Unit 3. You should prepare candidates for the Controlled Assessment tasks by teaching approaches to the chosen topics before giving the tasks to candidates.

You should also ensure that candidates are familiar with the assessment criteria for the Controlled

Assessment task and are aware of the weighting given to each assessment objective.

What approaches will the tasks offer?

The tasks will offer a variety of approaches. Tasks will consist of a single title and may have a number of bullet points which will help candidates to plan the structure of their writing.

Which Assessment Objectives will the tasks address?

The tasks will address all three bullet points of assessment objective AO3.

Unit 3: Your Controlled Assessment questions answered

Task Setting

How often do tasks change?

Tasks will be replaced each year and the same tasks will be available for assessment in January and June.

When are tasks published?

Tasks for the following two years' assessment series will be made available to centres from 1st April. They will be published on e-AQA.

Task Taking: Preparation and Planning

How do I approach preparation and planning

Having taught the topic(s) and studied relevant style models you should give candidates the relevant task(s).

- if you wish, you may give candidates a choice of tasks on the topic(s) you have taught
- you are advised to give candidates the chance to practise writing in this form and to prepare ideas after you have given them the task(s)
- during this time candidates may make use of any further resources available in the school or college, including the Internet, to inform their preparation
- candidates must keep a record of all the primary and secondary sources (including websites) they use
- candidates must keep a record of any style models they use to assist you in authenticating work
- records should be kept in the form of a bibliography
- all this work should be completed under informal supervision.

Can I give candidates feedback?

Yes. You may give feedback to individual candidates during the planning phase. Where this goes beyond general advice, this should be recorded on the Candidate Record Form.

Can candidates work together?

Candidates may work with others during the planning phase. So, for example, they may discuss their ideas in small groups or share resources found on the Internet, but each candidate must produce an individual response to the task.

Task Taking: Production

Does the Controlled Assessment have to take place in one session?

No. The time allowed for the Controlled Assessment may be divided to meet the timetabling requirements of the centre.

Where there is more than one task, you may choose to allow your candidates to do the tasks in the same period or to divide the total time available for this unit so your candidates do their two pieces at different stages of the course that are most appropriate.

Can candidates take drafts or notes into the assessment?

Drafts may **not** be taken into the assessment. Brief notes made in the preparation stage may be taken into the assessment. These must be checked by the teacher to ensure that they are not plagiarised text and do not include a detailed planning grid or pre-prepared final draft. The notes should be submitted with the final piece for moderation.

Can candidates work together during the assessment?

No. While writing up their response, candidates must work independently and complete all work under formal supervision by a teacher or invigilator. You must record any feedback given to candidates during this phase on the Candidate Record Form.

What do we do if the assessment period is broken down into smaller sessions?

Where the total time is divided, the teacher or invigilator must collect all materials in at the end of each session and return them to candidates at the beginning of the next session. No feedback should be given on drafts prepared during the assessment period. Candidates may not bring any new materials into the room once this phase has started.

Can candidates use a dictionary or a thesaurus?

During the writing up of the Controlled Assessment, candidates are **not** allowed access to a dictionary or thesaurus, or to grammar and spell check programmes.

Can PCs be used?

The Controlled Assessment may be either handwritten or produced electronically.

Candidates using laptops/PCs to write their Controlled Assessment cannot have access to the Internet, e-mail, floppy disks, memory sticks, or grammar and spell check programmes as this could breach the controlled conditions. If the assessment period is divided into a number of shorter sessions, centres should ensure that work is saved securely to ensure that candidates cannot amend or add to the saved material between sessions.

Do you have Controlled Assessment Advisers?

Controlled Assessment Advisers will be available to give advice on all aspects of the Controlled Assessment including the marking.

4 Scheme of Assessment

4a Aims and learning outcomes

GCSE courses based on this specification should encourage candidates to be inspired, moved and changed by following a broad, coherent, satisfying and worthwhile course of study. They should prepare learners to make informed decisions about further learning opportunities and career choices, to use language to participate effectively in society and employment and to develop their enthusiasm for reading.

GCSE courses based on specifications in English must enable candidates to:

- demonstrate skills in speaking, listening, reading and writing necessary to communicate with others confidently, effectively, precisely and appropriately
- express themselves creatively and imaginatively
- understand the patterns, structures and conventions of written and spoken English
- select and adapt speech and writing to different situations and audiences
- understand how variations in spoken and written language relate to identity and cultural diversity
- become critical readers of a range of texts, including multi-modal texts
- use reading to gain access to knowledge and to develop their own skills as writers
- understand that texts from the English, Welsh and Irish Literary Heritage have been influential and significant over time and explore the meaning of these today
- understand how literature from other cultures is influential
- connect ideas, themes and issues, drawing on a range of texts.

4b Assessment Objectives (AOs)

The assessment units will assess the following assessment objectives in the context of the content and skills set out in Section 3 (Subject Content).

AO1 Speaking and Listening

- Speak to communicate clearly and purposefully; structure and sustain talk, adapting it to different situations and audiences; use standard English and a variety of techniques as appropriate.
- Listen and respond to speakers' ideas, perspectives and how they construct and express their meanings.
- Interact with others, shaping meanings through suggestions, comments and questions and drawing ideas together.
- Create and sustain different roles.

AO2 Reading

- Read and understand texts, selecting material appropriate to purpose, collating from different sources and making comparisons and cross-references as appropriate.
- Develop and sustain interpretations of writers' ideas and perspectives.

- Explain and evaluate how writers use linguistic, grammatical, structural and presentational features to achieve effects and engage and influence the reader.
- Understand texts in their social, cultural and historical contexts.

AO3 Writing

- Write clearly, effectively and imaginatively, using and adapting forms and selecting vocabulary appropriate to task and purpose in ways that engage the reader.
- Organise information and ideas into structured and sequenced sentences, paragraphs and whole texts, using a variety of linguistic and structural features to support cohesion and overall coherence.
- Use a range of sentence structures for clarity, purpose and effect, with accurate punctuation and spelling.

At least one-third of the available credit should be allocated to this last part of AO3.

Weighting of Assessment Objectives for GCSE English

The table below shows the approximate weighting of each of the Assessment Objectives in the GCSE units.

Assessment Objectives	Unit weightings (%)			Overall weighting of AOs (%)
	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	
AO1		20		20
AO2	20		20	40
AO3	20		20	40
Overall weighting of units (%)	40	20	40	100

4c National criteria

This specification complies with:

- The Subject Criteria for GCSE English including the rules for Controlled Assessment
- The Code of Practice
- The GCSE Qualification Criteria
- The Arrangements for the Statutory Regulation of External Qualifications in England, Wales and Northern Ireland: Common Criteria
- The requirements for qualifications to provide access to Levels 1 and 2 of the National Qualification Framework.

4d Overlap between GCSE English and GCSE English Language

The overlap in content and assessment between GCSE English and GCSE English Language means that students should take only one of these two qualifications.

4e Centres in Wales

In Wales, GCSE English is not approved pre-16. Centres can meet statutory requirements fully through entering candidates for both GCSE English Language and GCSE English Literature. For a minority of

candidates entered only for GCSE English Language, centres should ensure their taught curriculum in English fulfils statutory requirements in Wales.

4f Previous learning requirements

There are no previous learning requirements. However, any requirements set for entry to a course based on this specification are at your centre's discretion.

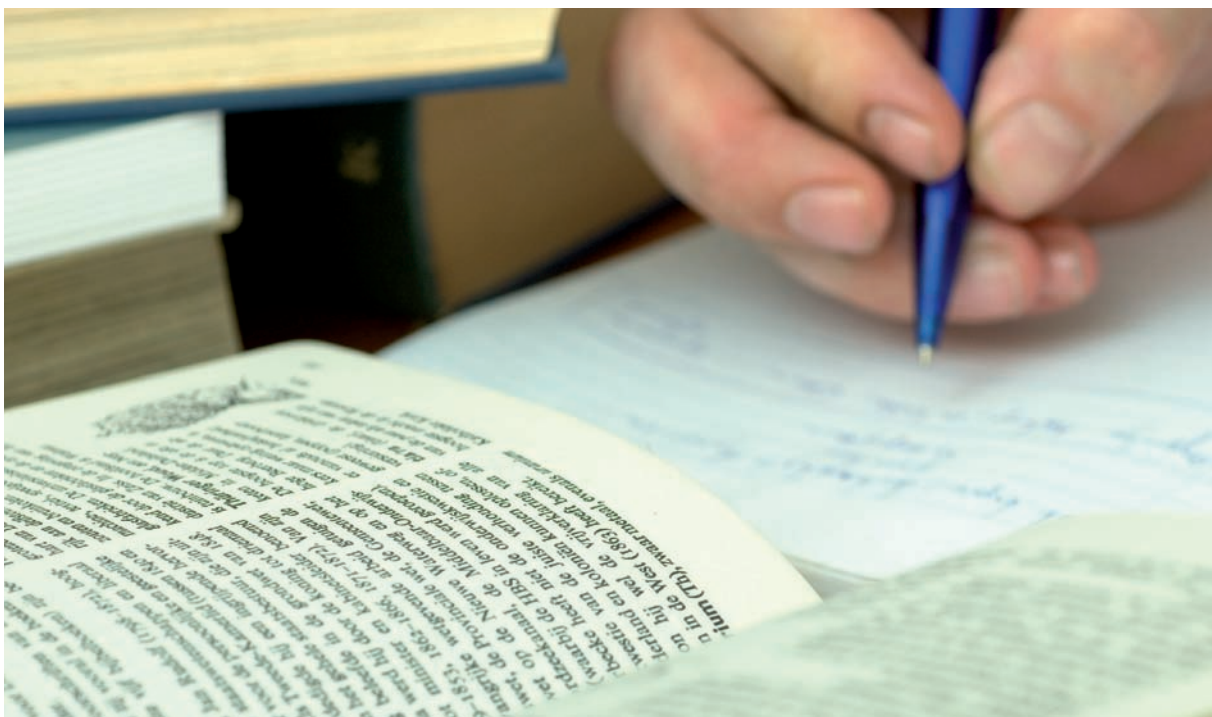
4g Access to assessment: diversity and inclusion

GCSEs often need to assess a wide range of competences. This is because they are general qualifications designed to prepare candidates for a wide range of occupations and further study.

The revised GCSE qualification and subject criteria were reviewed to see whether any of the skills or knowledge needed by the subject presented a possible difficulty to any candidates, whatever their ethnic background, religion, sex, age, disability or sexuality. If there were difficulties, the situation was reviewed again to make sure that such tests of

specific competences were only included if they were important to the subject. The findings were discussed with groups who represented the interests of a diverse range of candidates.

Arrangements are made for candidates with special needs to help them access the assessments as long as the competences being tested are not changed. Because of this, most candidates will be able to access any part of the assessment. More details are given in Section 5d.



5 Administration

5a Availability of assessment units and certification

Examinations and certification for this specification are available as follows.

	Availability of units			Availability of certification
	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	GCSE
January 2011	✓		✓	
June 2011	✓	✓	✓	
January 2012	✓	✓	✓	
June 2012 and after	✓	✓	✓	✓
January 2013 and after	✓	✓	✓	✓

5b Entries

Please check the current version of **Entry Procedures and Codes** for up-to-date entry procedures. You should use the following entry codes for the units and for certification:

Unit 1 – ENG1F; ENG1H

Unit 2 – ENG02

Unit 3 – ENG03

GCSE certification – 4702

The 40% terminal rule for GCSE means that 40% of the assessment must be taken in the examination series in which the qualification is awarded.

Therefore, in this specification candidates must take the following units or combination of units in the series in which the qualification is awarded:

Unit 1 or Unit 3

The results from 40% terminal assessment must contribute to the candidates' final grade, even if a candidate has a better result from a previous series.

5c Private candidates

This specification is available to private candidates under certain conditions. Because of the Controlled Assessment, candidates must attend an AQA centre, which will supervise and mark the Controlled

Assessment. Private candidates should write to us for a copy of **Supplementary Guidance for Private Candidates** (for Controlled Assessment specification with practical activities).

5d Access arrangements, reasonable adjustments and special consideration

We have taken note of the equality and discrimination legislation and the interests of minority groups in developing and administering this specification.

We follow the guidelines in the Joint Council for Qualifications (JCQ) document: *Access Arrangements, Reasonable Adjustments and Special Consideration: General and Vocational Qualifications*. This is published on the JCQ website www.jcq.org.uk or you can follow the link from our website www.aqa.org.uk

Access arrangements

We can arrange for candidates with special needs to access an assessment. These arrangements must be made **before** the examination. For example, we can produce a Braille paper for a candidate with sight problems.

Reasonable adjustments

An access arrangement which meets the needs of a particular disabled candidate would be a reasonable

adjustment for that candidate. For example a Braille paper would be a reasonable adjustment for a Braille reader but not for a candidate who did not read Braille. The Disability Discrimination Act requires us to make reasonable adjustments to remove or lessen any disadvantage affecting a disabled candidate.

Special consideration

We can give special consideration to candidates who have had a temporary illness, injury or serious problem such as death of a relative, at the time of the examination. We can only do this **after** the examination.

The Examinations Officer at the centre should apply online for access arrangements and special consideration by following the e-AQA link from our website www.aqa.org.uk

5e Examination language

We will only provide units for this specification in English.

5f Qualification titles

The qualification based on this specification is:

-  AQA GCSE in English.

5g Awarding grades and reporting results

The GCSE qualification will be graded on an eight-grade scale: A*, A, B, C, D, E, F and G. Candidates who fail to reach the minimum standard for grade G will be recorded 'U' (unclassified) and will not receive a qualification certificate.

We will publish the minimum raw mark for each grade, for each unit, when we issue candidates' results. We will report a candidate's unit results to centres in terms of uniform marks and qualification results in terms of uniform marks and grades.

For each unit the uniform mark corresponds to a grade as follows.

Unit 1 (maximum uniform mark = 120)

Grade	Uniform Mark Range
A*	108–120
A	96–107
B	84–95
C	72–83
D	60–71
E	48–59
F	36–47
G	24–35
U	0–23

Unit 2 (maximum uniform mark = 60)

Grade	Uniform Mark Range
A*	54–60
A	48–53
B	42–47
C	36–41
D	30–35
E	24–29
F	18–23
G	12–17
U	0–11

Unit 3 (maximum uniform mark = 120)

Grade	Uniform Mark Range
A*	108–120
A	96–107
B	84–95
C	72–83
D	60–71
E	48–59
F	36–47
G	24–35
U	0–23

We calculate a candidate's total uniform mark by adding together the uniform marks for the units. We convert this total uniform mark to a grade as follows.

GCSE English (maximum uniform mark = 300)

Grade	Uniform Mark Range
A*	270–300
A	240–269
B	210–239
C	180–209
D	150–179
E	120–149
F	90–119
G	60–89
U	0–59

5h Re-sits and how long unit results remain available to count towards certification

Unit results remain available to count towards certification within the shelf life of the specification, whether or not they have already been used.

Candidates may re-sit a unit once only.

The better result for each unit will count towards the final qualification **provided that the 40% rule is satisfied**.

Candidates may re-sit the qualification an unlimited number of times.

Candidates will be graded on the basis of the work submitted for assessment.

Candidates must take units comprising at least 40% of the total assessment in the series in which they enter for certification.

6 Controlled Assessment administration

The Head of Centre is responsible for making sure that Controlled Assessment work is conducted in line with our instructions and JCQ instructions.

6a Authenticating that Controlled Assessment work is genuine

To meet the requirements of Code of Practice, we need the following:

- **Candidates** must sign the Candidate Record Form to confirm that the work they have handed in is their own.
- **Teachers and assessors** must confirm on the Candidate Record Form that the work marked is only that done by that candidate and was conducted in line with the conditions in the specification document (authentication declaration).
- **Centres** must give a mark of zero if candidates cannot confirm the work handed in for assessment is their own.

You should attach the completed Candidate Record Form for each candidate to his or her work. All teachers who have marked the work of any candidate entered for each component must sign the declaration that the work is genuine.

If you have doubts about signing the authentication declaration, you should follow these guidance points.

- If you believe that a candidate had additional assistance and this is acceptable within the guidelines for the relevant specification, you should award a mark which covers only the candidate's achievement without any help. (You should sign the authentication declaration and give information on the relevant form).
- If you cannot sign the authentication declaration, the candidate's work cannot be accepted for assessment.

If, during the external moderation process, there is no evidence that the work has been authenticated, we will award a mark of zero.

6b Malpractice

You should let candidates know about our malpractice regulations.

Candidates must **not**:

- submit work that is not their own
- lend work to other candidates
- give other candidates access to, or the use of, their own independently-sourced research material (this does not mean that candidates cannot lend their books to another candidate, but that candidates should be stopped from copying other candidates' research)
- include work copied directly from books, the Internet or other sources without acknowledgement of the source
- hand in work typed or word processed by someone else without acknowledgement.

These actions are considered malpractice, for which a penalty (for example being disqualified from the exam) will be applied.

If malpractice is suspected, the Examinations Officer should be consulted about the procedure to be followed.

Where you suspect malpractice in Controlled Assessments after the candidate has signed the declaration of authentication, your Head of Centre must submit full details of the case to us at the earliest opportunity. The form JCQ/M1 should be used. Copies of the form can be found on the JCQ website www.jcq.org.uk

Malpractice in Controlled Assessments discovered prior to the candidate signing the declaration of authentication need not be reported to us, but should be dealt with in accordance with the centre's internal procedures. We would expect you to treat such cases very seriously. Details of any work which is not the candidate's own must be recorded on the Candidate Record Form or other appropriate place.

6c Teacher standardisation

We will hold standardising meetings for teachers each year, usually in the autumn term, for Controlled Assessment. At these meetings we will provide support in explaining tasks in context and using the marking criteria. The standardising materials used at the meetings will also be available online.

All centres must send a representative to one of the meetings each year. If you have told us you are a new centre, either by signing up to teach AQA, by sending us an intention to enter or an estimate of entry, or by contacting the subject team, we will contact you to invite you to a meeting. It is likely that during the lifetime of this specification online teacher standardising meetings will be made available as an alternative to face-to-face meetings.

6d Internal standardisation of marking

Centres must have consistent marking standards for all candidates. One person must be responsible for ensuring that work has been marked to the same standard, and they need to sign the Centre Declaration Sheet to confirm that internal standardisation has taken place.

Internal standardisation may involve:

- all teachers marking some sample pieces of work and identifying differences in marking standards

- discussing any differences in marking at a training meeting for all teachers involved in the assessment
- referring to reference and archive material, such as previous work or examples from our teacher standardising meetings.

6e Annotation of Controlled Assessment work

The Code of Practice states that the awarding body must make sure that teachers marking Controlled Assessments clearly show how the marks have been awarded in line with the marking criteria shown in the specification. The awarding body must provide guidance on how this is to be done.

Annotation helps our moderators to see as precisely as possible where the teacher has identified that candidates have met the criteria in the specification.

Annotation could be used in either of the following ways:

- important pieces of evidence commented on in either the margin or in the text
- comments on the work that refer to the assessment criteria.

When assessing oral responses, summative comments must be provided on the Candidate Record Form.

6f Submitting marks and sample work for moderation

The total mark for each candidate must be sent to us and the moderator on the mark forms provided, by Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) or electronically by the date given (see www.aqa.org.uk/deadlines/coursework_deadlines.php). Our moderator will

contact you to let you know which pieces of work must be sent to them as part of the sample (please see to Section 7a for more guidance on sending in samples).

6g Factors affecting individual candidates

You should be able to accept the occasional absence of candidates by making sure they have the chance to make up missed Controlled Assessments. You may organise an alternative supervised time session for candidates who are absent at the time the centre originally arranged.

If work is lost, you must tell us immediately the date it was lost, how it was lost, and who was responsible. Inform our Centre and Candidate Support Services using the JCQ form *Notification of Lost Coursework* JCQ/LCW form 15.

Where special help which goes beyond normal learning support is given, use the Candidate Record Form to inform us so that this help can be taken into account during moderation.

Candidates who move from one centre to another during the course sometimes need additional help to meet the requirements of a scheme of Controlled Assessment work. How this can be dealt with depends when the move takes place. If it happens early in the course the new centre should be responsible for Controlled Assessment work. If it happens late in the course it may be possible to arrange for the moderator to assess the work as a candidate who was 'Educated Elsewhere'. Centres should contact us as early as possible for advice about appropriate arrangements in individual cases at **english-gcse@aqg.org.uk**

6h Keeping candidates' work

From the time the work is marked, centres must keep the work of all candidates, with Candidate Record Forms attached, under secure conditions, to allow the work to be available during the moderation period

or should there be an Enquiry about Results. You may return the work to candidates after the deadline for Enquiries about Results, or once any enquiry is resolved.

7 Moderation

7a Moderation procedures

Written Controlled Assessment

Controlled Assessment work is moderated by inspecting a sample of candidates' work sent (by post or electronically) from the centre to a moderator appointed by us. The centre marks must be sent to us and the moderator by the deadline given (see www.aqa.org.uk/deadlines/coursework_deadlines.php). Centres entering fewer candidates than the

Appendices

A Grade descriptions

Grade descriptions are provided to give a general indication of the standards of achievement likely to have been shown by candidates who were awarded particular grades. The descriptions should be considered in relation to the content outlined in the specification – they are not designed to define that content.

The grade awarded will depend on how well the candidate has met the assessment objectives (see Section 4). If a candidate has performed less well in some areas this may be balanced by better performances in others.

Grade	Description
A	<p>Candidates select suitable styles and registers of spoken English for a range of situations and contexts, showing assured use of standard English where appropriate. They confidently vary sentence structures and choose from a broad repertoire of vocabulary to express information, ideas and feelings in an engaging manner. They initiate conversations and demonstrate sensitive listening through contributions that sustain and develop discussion. They recognise and fulfil the demands of different roles, whether in formal settings or creative activities.</p> <p>Candidates respond personally and persuasively to a variety of texts, developing interpretations and evaluating how details of language, grammar, structure and presentation engage and affect the reader. They identify and discuss writers' perspectives in narrative, argument, explanation or analysis. They choose apt quotations and make telling comparisons and cross-references that illuminate the purpose and meanings of texts, explaining the impact of their social, cultural and historical contexts where appropriate.</p> <p>Candidates' writing shows confident, assured control of a range of forms and styles appropriate to task and purpose. Texts engage and hold the reader's interest through logical argument, persuasive force or creative delight. Linguistic and structural features are used skilfully to sequence texts and achieve coherence. A wide range of accurate sentence structures ensures clarity; choices of vocabulary, punctuation and spelling are ambitious, imaginative and correct.</p>
C	<p>Candidates adapt their talk to the demands of different situations and contexts. They recognise when standard English is required and use it confidently. They use different sentence structures and select vocabulary so that information, ideas and feelings are communicated clearly and the listener's interest is engaged. Through careful listening and by developing their own and others' ideas, they make significant contributions to discussion and participate effectively in creative activities.</p> <p>Candidates understand and demonstrate how meaning and information are conveyed in a range of texts. They make personal and critical responses, referring to specific aspects of language, grammar, structure and presentational devices to justify their views. They successfully compare and cross-reference aspects of texts and explain convincingly how they may vary in purpose and how they achieve different effects. They comment on how social, cultural and historical contexts affect readers' responses to texts.</p> <p>Candidates' writing shows successful adaptation of form and style to different tasks and for various purposes. They use a range of sentence structures and varied vocabulary to create different effects and engage the reader's interest. Paragraphing is used effectively to make the sequence of events or development of ideas coherent and clear to the reader. Sentence structures are varied and sometimes bold; punctuation and spelling are accurate.</p>

Grade**Description****F**

Candidates talk confidently in familiar situations, showing some awareness of purpose and of listeners' needs. They convey information, develop ideas and describe feelings clearly, using the main features of standard English as appropriate. They listen with concentration and make relevant responses to others' ideas and opinions. In formal and creative activities, they attempt to meet the demands of different roles.

Candidates describe the main ideas, themes or argument in a range of texts and refer to specific aspects or details when justifying their views. They make simple comparisons and cross-references that show some awareness of how texts achieve their effects through writers' use of linguistic, grammatical, structural and presentational devices. They are aware that some features of texts relate to their specific social, cultural and historical contexts.

Candidates' writing shows some adaptation of form and style for different tasks and purposes. It communicates simply and clearly with the reader. Sentences sequence events or ideas logically; vocabulary is sometimes chosen for variety and interest. Paragraphing is straightforward but effective; the structure of sentences, including some that are complex, is usually correct. Spelling and basic punctuation are mostly accurate.



B Spiritual, moral, ethical, social, legislative, sustainable development, economic and cultural issues, and health and safety considerations

We have taken great care to make sure that any wider issues (for example, spiritual, moral, ethical, social, legal, sustainable development, economic and cultural issues), including those relevant to the education of students at Key Stage 4, have been taken into account when preparing this specification. They will only form part of the assessment requirements where they are relevant to the specific content of the specification and have been identified in Section 3: Subject Content.

European Dimension

We have taken the 1988 Resolution of the Council of the European Community into account when preparing this specification and associated specimen units.

Environmental Education

We have taken the 1988 Resolution of the Council of the European Community and the Report 'Environmental Responsibility: An Agenda for Further and Higher Education' 1993 into account when preparing this specification and associated specimen units.

Avoiding bias

We have taken great care to avoid bias of any kind when preparing this specification and specimen units.



C Overlaps with other qualifications

Functional English

This specification embeds the level 2 functional skills standards. In addition, the specification covers the key processes and range and content sections of the KS4 English programme of study which also reflect the functional English standards at level 2 and build on the embedding of the level 1 standards in the key stage 3 programme of study. The specification also reflects the curriculum opportunities section of the KS4 English programme of study which requires that pupils speak, listen and write for contexts beyond the classroom.

The term 'functional' should be considered in the broad sense of providing learners with the skills and abilities they need to take an active and responsible role in their communities, in their everyday lives, workplaces and educational settings.

53.33% of this specification is Functional. In preparing schemes of work and delivery, the Functional Skills Standards will be covered in the following GCSE units:

Functional Skills English	GCSE English
Speaking and Listening	Unit 2 13.33%
Reading	Unit 1 20%
Writing	Unit 1 20%

Candidates preparing for this specification will cover the Functional Skills Standards but will not be awarded a qualification for Functional English.

Functional English is available for assessment and certification in the stand-alone qualification Functional English.

Note that centres entering candidates for both Functional Skills English and GCSE English or GCSE English Language can use the same assessment opportunity to assess Speaking and Listening. Centres must assess the activities against both sets of relevant criteria.

D Wider Key Skills – Teaching, developing and providing opportunities for generating evidence

Introduction

The Key Skills Qualification requires candidates to demonstrate levels of achievement in the Key Skills of Communication, Application of Number and Information and Communication Technology.

The Wider Key Skills of Improving own Learning and Performance, Working with Others and Problem Solving are also available. The acquisition and demonstration of ability in these 'wider' Key Skills is deemed highly desirable for all candidates.

Copies of Key Skills Standards may be downloaded from QCDA's website: www.qcda.gov.uk

The units for each key skill comprise three sections:

- What you need to know
- What you must do
- Guidance.

Candidates following a course of study based on this specification for English can be offered opportunities to develop and generate evidence of attainment in aspects of the Key Skills of:

- Communication
- Application of Number

- Information and Communication Technology
- Working with Others
- Improving own Learning and Performance
- Problem Solving.

Areas of study and learning that can be used to encourage the acquisition and use of Key Skills, and to provide opportunities to generate evidence for Part B of units, are provided in the Teachers' Resource Bank for this specification.

The above information is given in the context of the knowledge that Key Skills at levels 1 and 2 will be available until 2010 with last certification in 2012.

Key Skills Qualifications of Communication, Application of Number and Information and Communication Technology will be phased out and replaced by Functional Skills qualifications in English, Mathematics and ICT from September 2010 onwards. Candidates following a course of study based on this specification for English can be offered opportunities to develop and generate evidence of attainment in aspects of the Functional and Key Skills.

E Lists of authors from the National Curriculum KS4 programme of study

The English Literary Heritage: This includes authors with an enduring appeal that transcends the period in which they were writing. For example, the novels of Jane Austen or the plays of Shakespeare continue to be widely read, studied and reinterpreted in print and on screen for contemporary audiences. The study of texts by these authors should be based on whole texts and presented in ways that will engage students (eg supported by the use of film resources and drama activities).

Texts from the English Literary Heritage should include work selected from the following pre-twentieth-century writers: Matthew Arnold, Jane Austen, William Blake, Charlotte Brontë, Emily Brontë, Robert Browning, John Bunyan, Lord Byron, Geoffrey Chaucer, William Congreve, John Clare, Samuel Taylor Coleridge, Wilkie Collins, Joseph Conrad, Daniel Defoe, Charles Dickens, John Donne, John Dryden, George Eliot, Henry Fielding, Elizabeth Gaskell, Oliver Goldsmith, Thomas Hardy, George Herbert, Robert Herrick, Gerard Manley Hopkins, Henry James, John Keats, Christopher Marlowe, Andrew Marvell, John Milton, Alexander Pope, Mary Shelley, Percy Bysshe Shelley, RB Sheridan, Edmund Spenser, Robert Louis Stevenson, Jonathan Swift, Alfred Lord Tennyson, Anthony Trollope, Henry Vaughan, HG Wells, Oscar Wilde, William Wordsworth and Sir Thomas Wyatt

Twentieth-century writers from the English Literary Heritage include: Kingsley Amis, WH Auden, TS Eliot, EM Forster, Robert Frost, William Golding, Graham

Greene, Seamus Heaney, Ted Hughes, Aldous Huxley, Elizabeth Jennings, James Joyce, Philip Larkin, DH Lawrence, Katherine Mansfield, Sean O'Casey, George Orwell, Wilfred Owen, Harold Pinter, Sylvia Plath, JB Priestley, Siegfried Sassoon, Peter Shaffer, George Bernard Shaw, RC Sherriff, Stevie Smith, Muriel Spark, Dylan Thomas, Edward Thomas, RS Thomas, William Trevor, Evelyn Waugh, Arnold Wesker, John Wyndham and WB Yeats.

Texts from different cultures and traditions:

When choosing texts from different cultures and traditions, it is important to look for authors who are so familiar with a particular culture or country that they represent it sensitively and with understanding. The texts should help students learn about the literature of another culture, as well as reflect on their own experiences. Texts appropriate for study at Key Stage 4 include some works by the following authors: Chinua Achebe, John Agard, Monica Ali, Moniza Alvi, Maya Angelou, Isaac Bashevis Singer, James Berry, Edward Braithwaite, Anita Desai, Emily Dickinson, F Scott Fitzgerald, Athol Fugard, Jamila Gavin, Nadine Gordimer, Doris Lessing, Arthur Miller, Les Murray, Beverly Naidoo, RK Narayan, Grace Nichols, Ruth Praver Jhabvala, Bali Rai, Wole Soyinka, John Steinbeck, Meera Syal, Mildred D Taylor, Mark Twain, Derek Walcott, Walt Whitman, Tennessee Williams, Adeline Yen Mah and Benjamin Zephaniah. The study of texts by these authors should be based on whole texts and presented in ways that will engage students.

F Assessment Criteria for Controlled Assessment

See table overleaf.

GCSE English Unit 2 Speaking and Listening Controlled Assessment Criteria

AO 1

- **Speak to communicate clearly and purposefully; structure and sustain talk, adapting it to different situations and audiences; use standard English and a variety of techniques as appropriate.**
- **Listen and respond to speakers' ideas, perspectives and how they construct and express their meanings.**
- **Interact with others, shaping meanings through suggestions, comments and questions and drawing ideas together.**
- **Create and sustain different roles.**

	Communicating and adapting language	Interacting and responding	Creating and sustaining roles
Band 5 'Sophisticated, Impressive' 13–15	Candidates <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ highlight priorities and essential detail when communicating complex and demanding subject-matter ■ use a sophisticated repertoire of strategies to meet challenging contexts and purposes ■ show an assured choice and flexible use of standard English vocabulary and grammar in appropriate situations. 	Candidates <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ sustain concentrated listening, showing understanding of complex ideas through interrogating what is said ■ shape direction and content of talk, responding with flexibility to develop ideas and challenge assumptions ■ initiate, develop and sustain discussion through encouraging participation and interaction, resolving differences and achieving positive outcomes. 	Candidates <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ create complex characters and fulfil the demands of challenging roles through insightful choice of dramatic approaches ■ explore and respond to complex ideas issues and relationships in varied formal and informal scenarios.
Band 4 'Confident, Assured' 10–12	Candidates <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ confidently convey and interpret information, ideas and feelings, emphasising significant points and issues ■ adapt and shape talk and non-verbal features to meet the demands of different situations, contexts and purposes ■ make appropriate, controlled, effective use of standard English vocabulary and grammar. 	Candidates <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ challenge, develop and respond to what they hear in thoughtful and considerate ways, seeking clarification through apt questions ■ analyse and reflect on others' ideas to clarify issues and assumptions and develop the discussion ■ identify useful outcomes and help structure discussion through purposeful contributions. 	Candidates <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ create convincing characters and roles using a range of carefully selected verbal and non-verbal techniques ■ respond skilfully and sensitively in different situations and scenarios, to explore ideas and issues and relationships.

	Communicating and adapting language	Interacting and responding	Creating and sustaining roles
Band 3 'Clear, Consistent' 7–9	<p>Candidates</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> effectively communicate information, ideas and feelings, promote issues and points of view adapt talk to a variety of situations and audiences, using non-verbal features to add to impact use a range of well-judged vocabulary and sentence structures to achieve different purposes, including competent and appropriate use of standard English. 	<p>Candidates</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> listen closely and attentively, engaging with what is heard through perceptive responses make significant contributions that move discussions forward engage with others' ideas and feelings, recognising obvious bias or prejudice and referring to precise detail. 	<p>Candidates</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> develop and sustain roles and characters through appropriate language and effective gesture and movement make contributions to the development of situations and ideas, showing understanding and insight into relationships and significant issues.
Band 2 'Some' 4–6	<p>Candidates</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> convey straightforward information and ideas, coherent accounts and narratives in extended turns begin to adapt talk and non-verbal features to meet the needs of different audiences use a variety of vocabulary and structures for different purposes, including appropriate features of standard English with reasonable accuracy. 	<p>Candidates</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> respond positively to what they hear, including helpful requests for explanation and further detail make specific, relevant contributions to discussion allow others to express ideas or points of view that may differ from their own and respond appropriately. 	<p>Candidates</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> show understanding of characters by creating straightforward roles using speech, gesture and movement engage with situations and ideas, showing understanding of issues and relationships.
Band 1 'Limited' 1–3	<p>Candidates</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> briefly express points of view, ideas and feelings sometimes develop detail to add interest to accounts, narratives and information, supported by appropriate non-verbal features use straightforward vocabulary and grammar, showing awareness of some main features of standard English. 	<p>Candidates</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> respond to what they hear, showing some interest, including non-verbal reactions make brief, occasional contributions and general statements in discussion follow central ideas and possibilities in what they hear and raise straightforward questions. 	<p>Candidates</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> draw on obvious and sometimes stereotypical ideas to create simple characters react to situations in predictable but appropriate ways, demonstrating some understanding of relationships and familiar ideas.
0 marks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Nothing worthy of credit 		

GCSE English Unit 3 Part a Understanding creative texts (literary reading)

Controlled Assessment criteria

A02

- **Read and understand texts.**
- **Develop and sustain interpretations of writers' ideas and perspectives.**
- **Explain and evaluate how writers use linguistic, grammatical, structural and presentational features to achieve effects and engage and influence the reader.**
- **Understand texts in their social, cultural and historical contexts.**

	Prose	Drama	Poetry
Band 5 'Sophisticated, Impressive' 13–15	<p>Candidates demonstrate</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ sustained sophisticated interpretations of texts ■ sustained and sophisticated engagement with writers' ideas and attitudes and sophisticated interpretations using imaginatively selected supporting textual detail ■ sophisticated analysis of aspects of language and structure ■ perceptive and mature comment on the significance of the contexts. 	<p>Candidates demonstrate</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ sustained sophisticated interpretations of texts ■ sustained and sophisticated engagement with writers' ideas and attitudes and sophisticated interpretations using imaginatively selected supporting textual detail ■ sophisticated analysis of aspects of language, structure and dramatic technique ■ perceptive and mature comment on the significance of the contexts. 	<p>Candidates demonstrate</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ sustained sophisticated interpretations of texts ■ sustained and sophisticated engagement with writers' ideas and attitudes and sophisticated interpretations using imaginatively selected supporting textual detail ■ sophisticated analysis of aspects of language and structure ■ perceptive and mature comment on the significance of the contexts.
Band 4 'Confident, Assured' 10–12	<p>Candidates demonstrate</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ sustained and developed interpretations of texts ■ engagement with writers' ideas and attitudes and provide perceptive interpretations using precisely selected supporting textual detail ■ analysis of aspects of language and structure in convincing detail ■ convincing connections between the texts and their contexts. 	<p>Candidates demonstrate</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ sustained and developed interpretations of texts ■ engagement with writers' ideas and attitudes and provide perceptive interpretations using precisely selected supporting textual detail ■ analysis of aspects of language, structure and dramatic technique in convincing detail ■ convincing connections between the texts and their contexts. 	<p>Candidates demonstrate</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ sustained and developed interpretations of texts ■ engagement with writers' ideas and attitudes and provide perceptive interpretations using precisely selected supporting textual detail ■ analysis of aspects of language and structure in convincing detail ■ convincing connections between the texts and their contexts.

	Prose	Drama	Poetry
Band 3 'Clear, Consistent' 7–9	<p>Candidates demonstrate</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> clear evidence of understanding of significant meanings of the text ability to explain writers' ideas clearly offering relevant and appropriate supporting textual detail ability to display understanding of features of language and structure supported by relevant and appropriate quotation ability to explore the significance of aspects of the contexts matched to textual details. 	<p>Candidates demonstrate</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> clear evidence of understanding of significant meanings of the text ability to explain writers' ideas clearly offering relevant and appropriate supporting textual detail ability to display understanding of features of language, structure and dramatic technique supported by relevant and appropriate quotation ability to explore the significance of aspects of the contexts matched to textual details. 	<p>Candidates demonstrate</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> clear evidence of understanding of significant meanings of the text ability to explain writers' ideas clearly offering relevant and appropriate supporting textual detail ability to display understanding of features of language and structure supported by relevant and appropriate quotation ability to explore the significance of aspects of the contexts matched to textual details.
Band 1 'Some' 4–6	<p>Candidates demonstrate</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> some awareness shown of more obvious meanings in the text some awareness of writers' ideas supported by relevant textual detail some awareness of obvious features of language and structure supported by some relevant textual detail make some relevant comments about the significance of the contexts. 	<p>Candidates demonstrate</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> some awareness shown of more obvious meanings in the text some awareness of writers' ideas supported by relevant textual detail some awareness of obvious features of language, structure and dramatic technique supported by some relevant textual detail make some relevant comments about the significance of the contexts. 	<p>Candidates demonstrate</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> some awareness shown of more obvious meanings in the text some awareness of writers' ideas supported by relevant textual detail some awareness of obvious features of language and structure supported by some relevant textual detail make some relevant comments about the significance of the contexts.
Band 2 'Limited' 1–3	<p>Candidates demonstrate</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> limited understanding of the texts limited engagement with the writers' ideas reference to a limited range of textual detail some awareness of contexts but very limited comment on their significance. 	<p>Candidates demonstrate</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> limited understanding of the texts limited engagement with the writers' ideas reference to a limited range of textual detail some awareness of contexts but very limited comment on their significance. 	<p>Candidates demonstrate</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> limited understanding of the texts limited engagement with the writers' ideas reference to a limited range of textual detail some awareness of contexts but very limited comment on their significance.
0 marks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Nothing worthy of credit 		

GCSE English Unit 3 Part b Producing creative texts (creative writing)

Controlled Assessment criteria

AO3

- **Communicate clearly and imaginatively, using and adapting forms and selecting vocabulary appropriate to task and purpose in ways that engage the reader.**
- **Organise information and ideas into structured and sequenced sentences, paragraphs and whole texts, using a variety of linguistic and structural features to support cohesion and overall coherence.**
- **Use a range of sentence structures for clarity, purpose and effect, with accurate punctuation and spelling.**

AO3 i and ii Mark/Band	Communicating clearly/ using forms	Organising information and ideas	AO3 iii Mark/Band	Using sentence structures/ writing accurately
Band 5 'Sophisticated, Impressive' 13–15	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ sophistication and subtlety prevail; distinct reasons for readers <i>wanting</i> to read this: 'delightful', 'flair'; 'originality' ■ subject matter/ideas presented in completely measured and effectively judged depth/detail ■ artful and self-conscious use of language, with consistent crafting for impact ■ impressive exploitation of form for purpose and audience, with impressive sense of immersion in the chosen genre. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ high levels of whole text coherence; a strong sense of the text's wholeness ■ paragraphs/other structural and organisational devices complement and fully support the purpose and thrust of the piece ■ cohesive features embedded throughout; sophisticated and impressively used. 	Band 5 'Sophisticated, Impressive' 13–15	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ varied and sophisticated sentence structures used to impressive effect ■ uses a range of punctuation highly purposefully and effectively; punctuation is another means to heighten impact of writing ■ spelling is almost always accurate; accurate spelling of specialist or less commonplace vocabulary; impressive control over even highly irregular spellings.
Band 4 'Confident, Assured' 10–12	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ writing is shaped by an assured awareness of purpose and audience throughout ■ subject matter/ideas presented in appropriately sustained way; assured judgements made about the impact of depth/detail on readers' engagement ■ assured and confident control and crafting of language, with words' effects deliberately worked for ■ confident and skilful use of form, with assured absorption of generic elements. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ well-constructed and assured whole text shaping ■ uses structural/organisational devices to clarify and support purpose, and to navigate readers through the writing ■ wider range of discourse markers and cohesive ties to heighten fluency. 	Band 4 'Confident, Assured' 10–12	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ phrase and sentence constructions self-consciously crafted for effect ■ full range of punctuation marks used assuredly and accurately ■ few spelling lapses; near misses with some unfamiliar words, but only very occasionally.

AO3 i and ii Mark/Band	Communicating clearly/ using forms	Organising information and ideas	AO3 iii Mark/Band	Using sentence structures/ writing accurately
Band 3 'Clear, Consistent' 7–9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ clearly matches style and form to purpose and audience ■ subject matter/ideas presented in a more sustained way; clear sense of depth and detail ■ consistently uses vocabulary and stylistic devices to achieve effects ■ clear evidence of a form being knowingly used throughout; conventions of genre consistently evident. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ clear sense of whole text coherence ■ uses clear and distinctive organisational devices; paragraphs/ other organisational devices consistently deployed ■ clear links between sentences; some discourse markers and referencing to create fluency. 	Band 3 'Clear, Consistent' 7–9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ clear variety and range of sentence structures: simple, compound and complex ■ consistent accuracy with greater range of punctuation ■ commonly used words are consistently spelt correctly; more complex vocabulary is generally accurately spelt.
Band 2 'Some' 4–6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ increasing sense of clarity and intent in the writing ■ subject matter/ideas presented in some depth; some detail to better engage readers ■ some attempts to match style and form to purpose and audience ■ form and genre used more intentionally and knowingly. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ some sense of whole text structure and organisation ■ shows some grasp of organising sentences into paragraphs/other organisational and structural devices used for effect ■ some attempts to create sentence cohesion. 	Band 2 'Some' 4–6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ uses greater range of sentence structures – simple and compound sentences; some complex sentences ■ punctuation is generally accurate, with secure use of commas, question marks, etc ■ increased accuracy when spelling less familiar words.
Band 1 'Limited' 1–3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ communicates ideas with limited clarity ■ subject matter/ideas skimpily presented in limited depth or detail ■ occasional instances of language choices moving away from the most basic ■ some rudimentary features of form and genre used appropriately. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ limited whole text structure ■ some organisational and structural devices used; paragraphed, albeit randomly/possible use of headings and sections ■ limited sentence cohesion; time-focused discourse markers may be used; eg 'and then', 'then'. 	Band 1 'Limited' 1–3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ limited syntactical variety – simple and compound sentences with a limited range of connectives ■ sentences used, even though not all are properly demarcated ■ simple words spelt correctly; valid ■ approximations when spelling more complex words.
0 marks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Nothing worthy of credit. 			



GCSE English from 2010 onwards

Qualification Accreditation Number: tbc

Every specification is assigned a national classification code indicating the subject area to which it belongs. The classification code for this specification is tbc.

Centres should be aware that candidates who enter for more than one GCSE qualification with the same classification code will have only one grade (the highest) counted for the purpose of the School and College Performance Tables.

Centres may wish to advise candidates that, if they take two specifications with the same classification code, schools and colleges are very likely to take the view that they have achieved only one of the two GCSEs. The same view may be taken if candidates take two GCSE specifications that have different classification codes but have significant overlap of content. Candidates who have any doubts about their subject combinations should check with the institution to which they wish to progress before embarking on their programmes.

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